History 2111
Outline

I. Europe and America
   1. Early Exploration
   2. Failure to Follow up
   3. Europe in 1000 AD
      A. Feudalism
      B. Crusades (1st wave)
   4. Centralized Monarchies
      A. Mercantilism
   5. 2nd Wave of Expansion
      A. Portugal
      B. Prince Henry
   6. 3rd Wave of Expansion
      A. Columbus
      B. Cabot
      C. Verrazano
      D. Magellan

II. New World Settlement
   1. Spain
      A. Explorations
         1492-1513
         Columbus
         1519-41
         Cortes
         1524-1552
         Pizarro
      2. France
      3. England
         A. John Cabot
         B. Sir Francis Drake
         C. Roanoke Colony
         D. Conditions in North America
         E. Plantation System
   III. English North America
      1. 1st Settlements
         A. Joint Stock Company
      2. Motivation
         A. Religion
         B. Economics
      3. Pilgrims
         A. Mayflower Compact
      4. Puritans
         A. Massachusetts Bay Company
   IV. Puritanism
1. Impact on American Society
2. Religious Beliefs
   A. Bible
   B. Congregationalism
   C. Predestination
   Conversion Experience
   Visible Saints
3. Reasons for Puritan Success
4. Reasons for Puritan Failure
   A. Religion
      Antinomianism
      Anne Hutchinson
   B. Environment
   C. Success
      Half-Way Covenant
5. Results of Failure
   A. Jeremiad
   B. Salem Witch Trials
V. Settling the South
1. Jamestown
   A. John Rolfe
   A. Population
   B. Reason and time of Settlement
   C. Church
   D. Plantation Agriculture
3. Origins of North American Slavery
   A. Indentured Servitude
VI. Middle Colonies
1. Holland
   A. Henry Hudson
   B. New Netherlands Company
   C. Dutch West India Company
2. Pennsylvania
   A. William Penn
   B. Quakers
VII. Great Awakening
1. Deism
2. William Tennent
3. Jonathan Edwards
4. George Whitefield
5. James Davenport
6. Results of Great Awakening
7. American in 1750
VIII. Problems of Empire
1. War
A. King William’s War  
B. Queen Anne’s War  
C. War of Jenkins Ear  
D. King George’s War  
E. French and Indian War  
Albany Congress  
William Pitt  
Treaty of Paris (1763)  
2. Problems of Victory  
3. British Politics  
4. New Regulations  
A. Proclamation Line  
B. Sugar Act  
C. Stamp Act  
D. Declaratory Act  
E. Townshend Acts  
F. Tea Act  
G. Coercive Acts  
5. Republican Ideology  
IX. American Revolution  
1. Continental Congress  
2. Common Sense  
3. Declaration of Independence  
4. War  
5. Reasons for Victory  
6. Revolution or Not?  
7. Results  
8. Treaty of Paris (1783)  
X. New Government  
1. State Constitutions  
2. Articles of Confederation  
A. Robert Morris  
B. Impost Duties  
C. Land Ordinance of 1785  
D. Northwest Ordinance  
E. Shays’ Rebellion  
XI. Constitution  
1. Constitutional Convention  
A. Virginia Plan  
B. New Jersey Plan  
C. Connecticut Compromise  
D. Checks and Balances  
2. Constitution  
A. Legislative Branch  
B. Executive Branch  
C. Federalism
3. Ratification Debate
   A. federalists
   B. antifederalists
   C. The Federalist Papers
   D. Bill of Rights

XII. Government under the Constitution
1. Washington Administration
   A. Judiciary Act of 1789
   B. Alexander Hamilton
   Report on Public Credit
   Report on the National Bank
   Report on Manufactures
2. First Party System
   A. Federalists
   B. Republicans
   C. Jay’s Treaty
   D. Whiskey Rebellion
3. John Adams
   A. Election of 1796
   B. Quasi War
   XYZ Affair
   Alien and Sedition Acts
   C. Election of 1800

XIII. Thomas Jefferson
   First Administration
   A. Destruction of Federalism
   B. Louisiana Purchase
   Second Administration
   A. Foreign Policy Problems
3. Failure of Jefferson’s Presidency

XIV. War of 1812
1. James Madison
   A. Macon’s Bill #2
2. War
   A. War Hawks
   B. Battle of New Orleans
   C. Hartford Convention
   D. Peace of Ghent

XV. Era of Good Feelings
1. Virginia Dynasty
2. Expansive Government
   A. Protective Tariff
   B. Second Bank of the United States
   C. American System
3. Supreme Court
   A. Marbury v Madison
B. Dartmouth College v Woodward
C. McCulloch v Maryland
D. Gibbons v Ogden
4. Foreign Policy
   A. Transcontinental treaty
   B. Monroe Doctrine
5. Expansion
6. Panic of 1819
7. Missouri Compromise
XVI. Politics in the Age of Jackson
   1. America in 1820
   2. Election of 1824
      A. Corrupt Bargain
      3. John Quincy Adams
      4. Andrew Jackson
         A. Second Party System
         B. Spoils System
      C. Peggy Eaton Affair
      D. Nullification Crisis
      E. Bank War
XVII. Industrialization
   1. Necessary Conditions: North v South
   2. Results
      A. Factory System
      B. Working Class
      C. Urbanization
      D. Politics
      E. Freedom’s Ferment
Causes
   Industrialization
   Great Revival
   Transcendentalism
   Communalism
   Spiritualism
   Millennialism
   Humanitarian Reform
   Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints
   Women’s Rights
   Temperance
   Abolitionism
XVIII. Slavery and the Old South
   1. Sources of Slave Life
   2. Slave Life
   3. White Society
   4. The Undemocratic South
XIX. Politics and Westward Expansion
1. Election of 1836
2. Martin Van Buren
3. Panic of 1837
   A. Pet Banks
   B. Specie Circular
4. Tippecanoe and Tyler Too
5. Manifest Destiny
6. Canada
7. Westward Migration
   A. Iowa
   B. Oregon Trail
   C. Utah
   D. Texas
8. Election of 1844
9. James K. Polk
XX. Mexican War
   1. John C. Fremont
   2. Wilmot Proviso
   3. Slavery Debate
   4. Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo
XXI. Compromise of 1850
   1. Election of 1848
   2. Terms of Compromise
   3. Nashville Convention
   4. Debate
   5. Results
XXII. Coming of the Civil War
   1. Election of 1852
   2. Kansas Nebraska Act
   3. Filibustering
   4. Ostend Manifesto
   5. Slave power Conspiracy
   6. Bleeding Kansas
   7. Triumph of Antislavery Politics
      A. Rise of the Republican Party
   8. Election of 1856
   9. Dred Scott v. Sanford
   10. Lecompton Constitution
   11. Freeport Doctrine
   12. Harper’s Ferry
   13. Fire-eaters
   14. Election of 1860
XXIII. Secession
   1. Deep South
   2. Upper South
   3. Crittenden Compromise
4. Fort Sumter
XXIV. Civil War
  1. Causes
  2. North v South
  3. Fighting
     A. Anaconda Plan
     B. King Cotton Diplomacy
     C. Easter Theater
     Gettysburg
     D. Western Theater
     Vicksburg
  E. 1864-65
  4. Home Front
     A. North
        Radical Republicans
        Emancipation Proclamation
     B. South
        Failure of Confederate Nationalism
  5. Results