The Portable

HARLEM RENAISSANCE READER

Edited and with an Introduction by

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PENGUIN BOOKS
CRITERIA OF NEGRO ART

THE QUESTION COMES NEXT AS TO THE INTERPRETATION OF THESE NEW STIRRINGS, OF THIS NEW SPIRIT: OF WHAT IS THE COLORED ARTIST CAPABLE? WE HAVE HAD ON THE PART OF BOTH COLORED AND WHITE PEOPLE SINGULAR ANANIMITY OF JUDGMENT IN THE PAST. COLORED PEOPLE HAVE SAID: "THIS WORK MUST BE INFERIOR BECAUSE IT COMES FROM COLORED PEOPLE." WHITE PEOPLE HAVE SAID: "IT IS INFERIOR BECAUSE IT IS DONE BY COLORED PEOPLE." BUT TODAY THERE IS COMING TO BOTH THE REALIZATION THAT THE WORK OF THE BLACK MAN IS NOT ALWAYS INFERIOR. INTERESTING STORIES COME TO US. A PROFESSOR IN THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO READ TO A CLASS THAT HAD STUDIED LITERATURE A PASSAGE OF POETRY AND ASKED THEM TO GUESS THE AUTHOR. THEY GUessed A GOODLY COMPANY FROM SHELLEY AND ROBERT BROWNING DOWN TO TENNYSON AND MAISEFIELD. THE AUTHOR WAS COUNTEE CULLEN. OR AGAIN THE ENGLISH CRITIC JOHN DRINKWATER WENT DOWN TO A SOUTHERN SEMINARY, ONE OF THE SORT WHICH FINISHES YOUNG WHITE WOMEN OF THE SOUTH. THE STUDENTS SAT WITH THEIR WOODEN FACES WHILE HE TRIED TO GET SOME RESPONSE OUT OF THEM. FINALLY HE SAID, "NAME ME SOME OF YOUR SOUTHERN POETS." THEY HESITATED. HE SAID "I'LL START OUT WITH YOUR BEST: PAUL LAURENCE DUNBAR!"

WITH THE GROWING RECOGNITION OF NEGRO ARTISTS IN SPITE OF THEIR SEVERE HANDBICAPS, ONE COMFORTING THING IS OCCURRING TO BOTH WHITE AND BLACK. THEY ARE WHISPERING, "HERE IS A WAY OUT. HERE IS THE REAL SOLUTION OF THE COLOR PROBLEM. THE RECOGNITION ACCORDED CULLEN, HUGHES, FAUSER, WHITE AND OTHERS SHOWS THERE IS NO REAL COLOR LINE. KEEP QUIET! DON'T COMPLAIN! WORK! ALL WILL BE WELL!"

I WILL NOT SAY THAT ALREADY THIS CHORUS AMOUNTS TO A CONSPIRACY. PROBABLY I AM NATURALLY TOO SUSPICIOUS. BUT I WILL SAY THAT THERE ARE TODAY A SURPRISING NUMBER OF WHITE PEOPLE WHO ARE GETTING GREAT SATISFACTION OUT OF THESE YOUNGER NEGRO WRITERS BECAUSE THEY THINK IT IS GOING TO STOP AGITATION OF THE NEGRO QUESTION. THEY SAY, "WHAT IS THE USE OF YOUR FIGHTING AND COMPLAINING; DO THE GREAT THING AND THE REWARD IS THERE?" AND MANY COLORED PEOPLE ARE ALL TOO EAGER TO FOLLOW THIS ADVICE; ESPECIALLY THOSE WHO WEARY OF THE ETERNAL STRUGGLE ALONG THE COLOR LINE, WHO ARE AFRAID TO FIGHT AND TO WHOM THE MONEY OF PHILANTHROPISTS AND THE ALLURING PUBLICITY ARE SUBTLE AND DEADLY Bribes. THEY SAY, "WHAT IS THE USE OF FIGHTING? WHY NOT SHOW SIMPLY WHAT WE DESERVE AND LET THE REWARD COME TO US?"

AND IT IS RIGHT HERE THAT THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE COMES UPON THE FIELD, COMES WITH ITS GREAT CALL TO A NEW BATTLE, A NEW FIGHT AND NEW THINGS TO FIGHT BEFORE THE OLD THINGS ARE WHOLLY WON; AND TO SAY THAT THE BEAUTY OF TRUTH AND FREEDOM WHICH SHALL SOME-DAY BE OUR HERITAGE AND THE HERITAGE OF ALL CIVILIZED MEN IS NOT IN OUR HANDS YET AND THAT WE OURSELVES MUST NOT FAIL TO REALIZE.

THERE IS IN NEW YORK TONIGHT A BLACK WOMAN MOLDING CLAY BY HERSELF IN A LITTLE BARE ROOM, BECAUSE THERE IS NOT A SINGLE SCHOOL OF SCULPTURE IN NEW YORK WHERE SHE IS WELCOME. SURELY THERE ARE DOORS SHE MIGHT BURST THROUGH, BUT WHEN GOD MAKES A SCULPTOR HE DOES NOT ALWAYS MAKE THE PUSHING SORT OF PERSON WHO BEATS HIS WAY THROUGH DOORS THROST IN HIS FACE. THIS GIRL IS WORKING HER HANDS OFF TO GET OUT OF THIS COUNTRY SO THAT SHE CAN GET SOME SORT OF TRAINING.

THERE WAS RICHARD BROWN. IF HE HAD BEEN WHITE HE WOULD HAVE BEEN ALIVE TODAY INSTEAD OF DEAD OF NEGLECT. MANY HELPED HIM WHEN HE ASKED BUT HE WAS NOT THE KIND OF BOY THAT ALWAYS ASKS. HE WAS SIMPLY ONE WHO MADE COLORS SING.

THERE IS A COLORED WOMAN IN CHICAGO WHO IS A GREAT MUSICIAN. SHE THOUGHT SHE WOULD LIKE TO STUDY AT FONTAINEBLEAU THIS SUMMER WHERE WALTER DAMROSCH AND A SCORE OF LEADERS OF ART HAVE AN AMERICAN SCHOOL OF MUSIC. BUT THE APPLICATION BLANK OF THIS SCHOOL SAYS: "I AM A WHITE AMERICAN AND I APPLY FOR ADMISSION TO THE SCHOOL."

WE CAN GO ON THE STAGE; WE CAN BE JUST AS FUNNY AS WHITE AMERICANS WISH US TO BE; WE CAN PLAY ALL THE SORDID PARTS THAT AMERICA LIKES TO ASSIGN TO NEGROES; BUT FOR ANYTHING ELSE THERE IS STILL SMALL PLACE FOR US.

AND SO I MIGHT GO ON. BUT LET ME SUM UP WITH THIS: SUPPOSE THE ONLY NEGRO WHO SURVIVED SOME CENTURIES HENCE WAS THE NEGRO PAINTED BY WHITE AMERICANS IN THE NOVELS AND ESSAYS THEY HAVE
written. What would people in a hundred years say of black Americans? Now turn it around. Suppose you were to write a story and put in the kind of people you know and like and imagine. You might get it published and you might not. And the "might not" is still far bigger than the "might." The white publishers catering to white folk would say, "It is not interesting"—to white folk, naturally not. They want Uncle Toms, Topsies, good "darkies" and clowns. I have in my office a story with all the earmarks of truth. A young man says that he started out to write and had his stories accepted. Then he began to write about the things he knew best about, that is, about his own people. He submitted a story to a magazine which said, "We are sorry, but we cannot take it." "I sat down and revised my story, changing the color of the characters and the locale and sent it under an assumed name with a change of address and it was accepted by the same magazine that had refused it, the editor promising to take anything else I might send in providing it was good enough."

We have, to be sure, a few recognized and successful Negro artists; but they are not all those fit to survive or even a good minority. They are but the remnants of that ability and genius among us whom the accidents of education and opportunity have raised on the tidal waves of chance. We black folk are not altogether peculiar in this. After all, in the world at large, it is only the accident, the remnant, that gets the chance to make the most of itself, but if this is true of the white world it is infinitely more true of the colored world. It is not simply the great clear tenor of Roland Hayes that opened the ears of America. We have had many voices of all kinds as fine as his and America was and is as deaf as she was for years to him. Then a foreign land heard Hayes and put its imprint on him and immediately America with all its imitative snobbery woke up. We approved Hayes because London, Paris, and Berlin approved him and not simply because he was a great singer.

Thus it is the bounden duty of black America to begin this great work of the creation of beauty, of the preservation of beauty, of the realization of beauty, and we must use in this work all the methods that men have used before. And what have been the tools of the artist in times gone by? First of all, he has used the truth—not for the sake of truth, not as a scientist seeking truth, but as one upon whom truth eternally thrusts itself as the highest handmaiden of imagination, as the one great vehicle of universal understanding. Again artists have used goodness—goodness in all its aspects of justice, honor, and right—not for sake of an ethical sanction but as the one true method of gaining sympathy and human interest.

The apostle of beauty thus becomes the apostle of truth and right not by choice but by inner and outer compulsion. Free he is but his freedom is ever bounded by truth and justice; and slavery only dogms him when he is denied the right to tell the truth or recognize an ideal of justice.

Thus all art is propaganda and ever must be, despite the wailing of the purists. I stand in utter shamelessness and say that whatever art I have for writing has been used always for propaganda for gaining the right of black folk to love and enjoy. I do not care a damn for any art that is not used for propaganda. But I do care when propaganda is confined to one side while the other is stripped and silent.

In New York we have two plays: "White Cargo" and "Congo." In "White Cargo" there is a fallen woman. She is black. In "Congo" the fallen woman is white. In "White Cargo" the black woman goes down further and further and in "Congo" the white woman begins with degradation but in the end is one of the angels of the Lord.

You know the current magazine story: a young white man goes down to Central America and the most beautiful colored woman there falls in love with him. She crawls across the whole isthmus to get to him. The white man says nobly, "No." He goes back to his white sweetheart in New York.

In such cases, it is not the positive propaganda of people who believe white blood divine, infallible, and holy to which I object. It is the denial of a similar right of propaganda to those who believe black blood human, lovable, and inspired with new ideals for the world. White artists themselves suffer from this narrowing of their field. They cry for freedom in dealing with Negroes because they have so little freedom in dealing with whites. Du-Bose Heywood writes "Porgy" and writes beautifully of the black Charleston underworld. But why does he do this? Because he cannot do a similar thing for the white people of Charleston, or they would drum him out of town. The only chance he had to tell the truth of pitiful human degradation was to tell it of colored people. I should not be surprised if Octavia Roy Cohen had approached the Saturday Evening Post and asked permission to write about a
different kind of colored folk than the monstrosities he has created; but if he has, the Post has replied, "No. You are getting paid to write about the kind of colored people you are writing about."

In other words, the white public today demands from its artists, literary and pictorial, racial pre-judgment—will deliberately distorts truth and justice, as far as colored races are concerned, and it will pay for no other.

On the other hand, the young and slowly growing black public still wants its prophets almost equally unfree. We are bound by all sorts of customs that have come down as second-hand soul clothes of white patrons. We are ashamed of sex and we lower our eyes when people will talk of it. Our religion holds us in superstition. Our worst side has been so shamelessly emphasized that we are denying we have or ever had a worst side. In all sorts of ways we are hemmed in and our new young artists have got to fight their way to freedom.

The ultimate judge has got to be you and you have got to build yourselves up into that wide judgment, that catholicity of temper which is going to enable the artist to have his widest chance for freedom. We can afford the truth. White folk today cannot. As it is now we are handing everything over to a white jury. If a colored man wants to publish a book, he has got to get a white publisher and a white newspaper to say it is great; and then you and I say so. We must come to the place where the work of art when it appears is reviewed and acclaimed by our own free and unfettered judgment. And we are going to have a real and valuable and eternal judgment only as we make ourselves free of mind, proud of body and just of soul to all men.

And then do you know what will be said? It is already saying. Just as soon as true art emerges; just as soon as the black artist appears, someone touches the race on the shoulder and says, "He did that because he was an American, not because he was a Negro; he was born here; he was trained here; he is not a Negro—what is a Negro anyhow? He is just human; it is the kind of thing you ought to expect."

I do not doubt that the ultimate art coming from black folk is going to be just as beautiful, and beautiful largely in the same ways, as the art that comes from white folk, or yellow, or red, but the point today is that until the art of the black folk compels recognition they will not be rated as human. And when through art they compel recognition then let the world discover if it will that their art is as new as it is old and as old as new.