## Universal Proportional Thinking Activity

Name $\qquad$
The Earth has a diameter of $12,756 \mathrm{~km}(7,926 \mathrm{mi})$.
The Sun has a diameter of $1,392,000 \mathrm{~km}$.
Use scientific notation for all volumes.

1. How many times as great is the diameter of the Sun than the Earth? Show the ratio, and round to the nearest ones place.
2. If volume of a sphere is given by the formula $V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$,
 find the volume of the Earth in $\mathrm{km}^{3}$.
3. Find the volume of the Sun in $\mathrm{km}^{3}$.
4. How many times as great in volume is the Sun compared to the Earth? Round to the nearest whole number.
5. Picture this: If the Earth had the diameter of a golf ball (1.68"), what would the diameter of the Sun be to the nearest foot?

The largest star that has been discovered so far is the hypergiant star, Canis Majoris, which has a diameter of 2.4 billion km.
6. The diameter of Canis Majoris is $\qquad$ times the diameter of the Sun.
7. Find the volume of Canis Majoris in $\mathrm{km}^{3}$.

8. (a) How many times as great in volume is Canis Majoris than the Sun? (b) Than the Earth?
9. Picture this: If the Earth had the diameter of a golf ball (1.68"), what would the diameter of Canis Majoris be to the nearest foot?

This diameter is slightly less than the height of Mount Everest ( $29,029 \mathrm{ft}$ ) and more than Denali ( $20,236 \mathrm{ft}$ ), the tallest mountain in the world. Imagine a golf ball representing Earth and these mountains representing Canis Majoris.
10. Now convert this diameter (from \#9) to the nearest mile.

11. (i) If you walked from the center of the Earth at a speed of 3 miles per hour, it would take 55 days to reach the surface. (ii) If you walked from the center of the Sun at a speed of 3 miles per hour, it would take nearly 16.5 years to reach the surface. (iii) If you walked from the center of Canis Majoris at a speed of 3 miles per hour, it would take over 28,372 years to reach the surface! Show that one of these three statements (i, ii, or iii) is true.

If you filled the state of Texas with as many golf balls as the number of Earths which would fill Canis Majoris, it would be 22 inches deep in golf balls!

12. The Sun is $93,000,000$ miles away from Earth. At the speed of light ( 186,000 miles per second), how much time does it take for a ray of light from the Sun to reach the Earth? Give your answer to the nearest second. Then convert this time to minutes and seconds. $\qquad$ $\mathrm{s}=$ $\qquad$ min $\qquad$ s
13. Complete the following conversion involving 1 light-year, the distance a ray of light travels in one Earth year. The speed of light is given as $672,000,000 \mathrm{mph}$. Express your answer both in standard notation and in scientific notation $\left[\mathrm{a} \times 10^{\mathrm{b}}\right.$ ), with the value of a rounded to the nearest thousandth's place].

1 light-year $=\frac{672,000,000 \mathrm{mi}}{\mathrm{hr}} \times \frac{\overline{\mathrm{hr}}}{1 \text { day }} \times \frac{\ldots \text { days }}{1 \text { year }} \times 1$ year $=$ $\qquad$ mi

This light-year distance is approximately $9.5 \times 10^{12}$ kilometers. Astronomers estimate that the nearest star to Earth after the Sun is the triple-star system known as Alpha Centauri, which is about 4.24 light-years away from the Earth. They also approximate the diameter of the Milky Way galaxy at 100,000 light years across. We live in a vast and amazing universe!
14. The Whirlpool Galaxy is $31,000,000$ light years away from the Earth. How many miles is this picturesque galaxy from the Earth? [Use the \#13 answer in your calculation. Express your answer in scientific notation.]

[For this and more information, consider viewing https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AEh56ROJx48, an "Indescribable" talk by Pastor Louie Giglio at Passion City Church in Atlanta, GA.]

