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Draw the region, and find the area under the standard normal curve to 4 decimal places. Use a table approach, and show each step in the process. The scalings for the window settings on the TI drawings below are 1 on the horizontal axis and 0.1 on the vertical axis. Use 4 decimal places for any area (or probability) question, and use 2 decimal places for any $z$ value.

1. Between $\mathrm{z}=0$ and $\mathrm{z}=1.65$

2. To the right of $\mathrm{z}=2.3$

3. Between $\mathrm{z}=-0.54$ and $\mathrm{z}=-1.75$

4. Between $\mathrm{z}=-2.3$ and $\mathrm{z}=0$

5. To the left of $\mathrm{z}=-0.74$

6. $\quad$ Between $\mathrm{z}=1$ and $\mathrm{z}=2.5$

7. Between $\mathrm{z}=-2.25$ and $\mathrm{z}=1.57$

8. Greater than $\mathrm{z}=-1.3$

9. Less than $\mathrm{z}=2.06$

10. To the left of $z=-1.25$ or to the right of $z=2.4$

11. Using the standard normal distribution, find $\mathrm{P}(-1.96<\mathrm{z}<1.96)$.
12. Find the z value so that $69.85 \%$ of the area under the standard normal curve lies to the right of it.
