

1. Record the coordinates and the quadrants (or axes) of the following points.
$\qquad$
2. On the same plane above, label these additional points. Give their quadrants (or axes) below.

| G | $(-3,-4.5)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| H | $(5,0)$ |
| I | $(-10,10)$ |
| J | $(2,2)$ |

3. Complete the table below, and graph the line. $y=-2 x$

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -3 |  |
| 0 |  |
|  | 0 |


4. Complete the table below, and graph the line.
$\mathrm{y}=\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{x}+1$

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -3 |  |
| 0 |  |
| 3 |  |


5. Complete the table below, and graph the line. $y=-x+4$

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |


6. Complete the table below, and graph the line.

$$
y=\frac{1}{2} x-6
$$

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -2 |  |
| 0 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 4 |  |


7. Complete the table below, and graph the line.

$$
-4 x+2 y=8
$$

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


8. Complete the tables below, and graph the lines.

| (a) |  | (b) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x=5$ |  | $y=-2$ |  |
| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ | $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



The graph in (a) is $\qquad$ ; the graph is (b) is $\qquad$ .
9. Change the linear equation $y-2=3(x+1)$ to
(a) slope-intercept form
(b) general form
(c) What is the slope of this line? $\qquad$
(d) Give the ordered pair for any point on the line. $\qquad$
(e) Give the intercepts.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
10. Complete the table for the following "special cases".

| Equation | Slope | x-intercept | $y$-intercept |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) $y=-1$ |  |  |  |
| (b) $x=7$ |  |  |  |
| (c) $y=x$ |  |  |  |

11. For parallel lines, the slopes are $\qquad$ , and the y-intercepts are different.

For perpendicular lines, the slopes are $\qquad$ and . Another way to express this is the product of their slopes is $\qquad$ .

On the diagrams below put a reasonable set of slope numbers on each line.

12. An application involving linear functions involves the relationship between Celsius and Fahrenheit temperature measurements. A common formula (in slope-intercept form) is $\qquad$ .

Another application involves uniform motion. Write the linear formula relating distance (d) and time (t) for a fixed rate of speed, $\mathrm{r}=72 \mathrm{mph}$.

Another common application involves cost structures. For example, an automobile mechanic may charge $\$ 148$ for parts and $\$ 50$ an hour for labor. Write the corresponding formula, with C for cost and t for time in hours.
13. Determine whether the given function is linear or nonlinear. If it is linear, determine the slope.

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{- 3}$ | 12 |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 10 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 8 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 |

14. Graph the line with slope $-\frac{1}{4}$ that passes through the point given by $(-4,7)$.

Then find its equation in slope-intercept form.

15. For the graph of $y=-2 x+4$, find the intercepts. Use ordered pairs. x-intercept $\qquad$ y-intercept $\qquad$
16. For the line given by the equation $2 x-3 y=9$, find the slope $\qquad$ x-intercept $\qquad$ y-intercept $\qquad$
17. Chelsea earns $\$ 350$ per week plus $2.5 \%$ of her weekly sales. For a full week of hard (but satisfying!) work, she earned a total of $\$ 567.50$. What were her sales for the week? Use a linear equation to solve this application.
18. Find the equation of the line (in slope-intercept form)
(a) Horizontal and containing the point $(-5,3)$
(b) Perpendicular to $y=3 x-5$ and passing through the point $(3,-2)$.
(c) Passing through the points $(3,4)$ and $(-3,0)$

