	T	Far whom?	Anguara	. Who? Who+?
	le	les	lo/ia	los/las
•	te	0\$	te	os
	me	nos	·me	nos
<u>Indire</u>	ct Object	Pronouns	Direct (	Object Pronouns

Answers: To whom? For whom? Answers: Who? What?

S V DO IO

## Yo mando un regalo a mi hermana (baja, linda y paciente).

What your mind does: (Practice these steps over and over.)

- · What word tells who is doing the action? What's the SUBJECT? "Yo"
- What word or words tells what the action is? What's the VERB? "mando"
- \* \* \* Indirect Objects, Direct Objects and their pronouns will never serve as the subject or the verb.
- · Is there an element which answers the questions: To whom? or For whom?
- That word or entire phrase is the INDIRECT OBJECT. "a mi hermana baja . . ."
- · Is there an element which answers the questions: Who? or What?
- That word or entire phrase is the DIRECT OBJECT. "un regalo"

Yo mando un regalo a mi hermana.

What your mind does:

Yo mando lo le.

Yo lo le mando.

Substitute the DO / IO pronouns.

NOT! This is more like Chinese than Spanish.

RULES OF PLACEMENT:

(For DO, IO, and Reflexive Pronouns)

- 1. Before the conjugated verb.
- 2. Attached to the infinitive.
- 3. Attached to the present participle.
- 4. Attached to the affirmative command
- 5. Before the negative command, after the <u>No</u>.

## RULE OF LIFE:

People are more imporatant than thigs.

People always come first.

(Indirect before Direct: I.D.)

You can't "Lay Low" in Spanish. But you can "Say Low": LE / LES -> SE

We Have A Winner!

Yo <u>le</u> <u>lo</u> mando.

Yo se lo mando.